October 29th, 2018







- Setting the course
- What is BIS?
- 2019-2022 Budget deliberations process
- Questions
- 2018 Budget refresh
- PBB budgeting
- Questions



Setting the course

- In early 2018, Council revised the Strategic Plan
- Streamlined goals from 12 to eight
- Each goal has six or fewer results
- Administration applied this improved clarity to the Corporate Business Plan
- Administration introduced the Organizational Excellence goal





Building the vehicle

- Change in legislation, through the *Modernized Municipal Government Act* (MGA)
- Municipalities required to plan for four year operating and five year capital budgets
- Strathcona County embraced opportunity, implemented new Multi-Year Planning & Execution (MYPE) process
- MYPE is the vehicle through which we focus on both long-term planning and the execution those plans



Building the vehicle

- MYPE elements include:
 - Rolling four year business plans and budgets
 - Robust, multi-stage business cases
 - Aligning with Council's strategic goals and results
 - Increased transparency and accountability through better reporting



Building the vehicle

- MYPE will:
 - Allow Strathcona County to be agile in changing conditions in the operating environment
 - Allow Strathcona County to stay true to our priorities, while making yearly adjustments; the "delta" represents those changes
 - Include a governance framework, corporate capacity analysis, executive dashboards and reporting solutions



Getting on the road

- MYPE is but one of the "tools" in the garage. Other tools include:
 - Continued application of Priority Based Budgeting (PBB)
 - Incorporating elements of the Long-Term Financial Sustainability Framework (LTFSF) into business case development
 - Inception of the Base/Improvement/Strategic (BIS) methodology



Getting on the road

- All the tools in the world are useless without "mechanics" to wield them
- This year, planning efforts were more inclusive than ever
- Senior Leadership Team (SLT) partnered with Executive Team (ET) to help develop a strong recommendation, with a corporate focus
- When you add together strong direction, the creation of a vehicle, and the tools and mechanics to keep the vehicle on the road, Strathcona County is well positioned to "drive" into the future



What is **BIS**?

- To support and help deliver Council's Strategic Plan, the BIS philosophy was developed
 - (B)ase
 - (I)mprovement
 - (S)trategic
- Business planning and budgeting decision making framework
 - Applies to operating and capital budgets
- A lens to help prioritize and filter business cases in the Multi-Year Planning & Execution (MYPE) process
 - Guideline, not a rule
 - Helps frame conversations



Philosophical approach

- Built on a three step process
 - First consideration is to support existing service delivery at the existing level of service (Base)
 - Secondary consideration is to be better at what we already do (Improvement)
 - Third consideration is to consciously explore new opportunities (Strategic)
- Philosophy developed by extrapolating existing County practices/priorities
 - Annual programs
 - Organizational efficiency and effectiveness





Philosophical approach

- Supports Strategic Priorities
 - Enhances decision making transparency
 - Demonstrates how strategic priorities are being/will be met
- Continuation of the journey
 - Pursuit of Excellence
 - Business Planning & Budgeting Initiative (BPBI)
 - Priority Based Budgeting (PBB)
 - Good to Great



What's changing year over year?





Change

2022 Base



Components of the change







2018 Budget Refresh (Oct 29th)

- Why are we discussing last year's budget?
- Existing envelope of services
- Establish financial baseline
- Flagged items





2019-2022 Base Budget (Oct 31st, Nov 2nd)

- Overview
- Director presentations
 - What does it take to maintain existing level of service?
 - Base budget (growth and inflation)
 - Staffing Increase Requests (SIRs)
 - Annual programs & major rehabilitation and replacement
- Focus will be on the "delta"
 - Year over year change





2019-2022 Base (Oct 31st, Nov 2nd) cont'd.

- Fees, Rates and Charges
- Flagged items





2019-2023 Capital Budget (Nov 5th, 9th, 16th)

- Capital improvement initiatives
- Capital strategic initiatives
- 5yr capital plan
- Future capital
- Flagged items





2019-2022 Operating Initiatives (Nov 26th, 29th)

- Operating improvement initiatives
- Operating strategic initiatives
- Community partners
 - Heartland Housing Foundation (HHF)
 - Strathcona County Library
- Flagged items





Aggregate Review & Final Deliberations (Dec 4th, 6th)

- Review of financial position, based on Council changes
- Final flagged items
- Final deliberations
- Formal approvals





Questions?





Why are we here today, talking about last year's budget?

– Purpose is to establish the "base"

What is the "base"?

– Existing envelope of services Strathcona County provides (internal & external)

How is the "base" different from the "base budget"?

- The "base budget" is the financial representation of the "base" service envelope
- The "base budget" may change year over year, while the "base" service envelope may not



What's changing year over year?





Change

2022 Base



Annual pressures to maintain base services

- Growth
- Inflation
- One year's additions become next year's base



Strathcona County MPI





2018 Budget highlights

- \$360.2M consolidated operating budget
 - \$290.4M municipal operating budget
- 2.18% municipal tax decrease
- 1.32% Utilities rates increase
- \$69.2M capital budget

Reference section 3.1, p.23-25



2018 Budget Highlights

- Municipal tax revenue breakdown (\$290.4M):
 - Industrial & linear tax \$94.3M, 33%
 - Residential tax \$72.1M (25%)
 - Commercial tax \$45.4M (16%)
 - User fees & charges \$39.2M (13%)
 - Government grants \$6.4M (2%)
 - Other sources \$33.0M (11%)



Where does the money go?



Fire, Ambulance and Police: \$78.7M (27%)



Transportation: \$66.9M (23%)

Recreation, Parks and Culture: \$66.0M (23%)

*Values include allocated overheads from internal facing departments

Reference section 3.1, p.25





Where does the money go?



Transit: \$28.1M (10%)



Fiscal Services: \$18.4M (6%)



Planning and Development: \$14.0M (5%)

*Values include allocated overheads from internal facing departments

Reference section 3.1, p.25





Where does the money go?



Family and Community Services: \$12.4M (4%)

Agriculture: \$3.7M(1%)



Economic, Development and Tourism: \$2.2M (1%)

*Values include allocated overheads from internal facing departments

Reference section 3.1, p.25





Priority-Based Budgeting (PBB)

Community and governance results (strategic priorities)

Program inventory and budgeted costs

• Program contribution to priorities (results)





2018 enhancements to PBB

• Updated community and governance results

• Refined program inventories better reflecting Strathcona County programs





Priority-Based Budgeting (PBB) Spending Array

- Quartiles are high level program groupings
- Quartiles 1 and 2 programs contribute to multiple strategic goals and results and often serve a broader group of citizens.
- Quartiles 3 and 4 programs more focused and contribute to fewer results and fewer citizens.
- Healthy spending array





Spending Array Comparison



Using PBB

Council	 Sets strategic direction (goals and results)
Administration	 Analyzes program relevance to goals and results
	 Considers relevance in investment and improveme
	 Looks for resource reallocation opportunities acros



ss programs

ent decisions

Questions?



